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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE,	FII	RST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO	confirmation no.
10/705,645	11/10/2003	. J	effrey L. McElray SR.		6138
23361 ABB INC.	7590 07/3	/2007		EX	AMINER
LEGAL DEPA	ARTMENT-4U6	WILLOUGHBY, TERRENCE RONIQUE			
29801 EUCLID AVENUE WICKLIFFE, OH 44092				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

4.47	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/705,645	MCELRAY ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Terrence R. Willoughby	2836				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app		correspondence address				
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from 1, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 M	arch 2007.					
·— .						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims	•					
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3,6,8-10,13,15-17,19 and 36-43</u> is/a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3,6,8-10,13,15-17,19 and 36-43</u> is/a 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicated any not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). njected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	·					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document: 2. Certified copies of the priority document: 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail_Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:					

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

In view of the Appeal brief filed on March 13, 2007, PROSECUTION IS HEREBY REOPENED. New grounds of rejection are set forth below.

To avoid abandonment of the application, appellant must exercise one of the following two options:

- (1) file a reply under 37 CFR 1.111 (if this Office action is non-final) or a reply under 37 CFR 1.113 (if this Office action is final); or,
- (2) initiate a new appeal by filing a notice of appeal under 37 CFR 41.31 followed by an appeal brief under 37 CFR 41.37. The previously paid notice of appeal fee and appeal brief fee can be applied to the new appeal. If, however, the appeal fees set forth in 37 CFR 41.20 have been increased since they were previously paid, then appellant must pay the difference between the increased fees and the amount previously paid.

A Supervisory Patent Examiner (SPE) has approved of reopening prosecution by signing below:

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800

Claim Objections

Claim 36 recites the limitation "the selection and the group" in II. 7-8 and 9 of the claim. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

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# **Double Patenting**

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-3, 6, 8-10, 13, 15-17, 36-37, 39, and 41-43 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 2 and 3 of U.S. Patent No. 6,707,655 and in view of Buell (US 5,768,079).

Regarding claim 1, claim 1 of the patent discloses a method for controlling a recloser for an electrical power line, comprising:

determining a protection setting group, the protection setting group having at least one associated feature;

determining a present condition of the at least one associated feature;

determining a behavior function for the recloser based on the protection setting group and the present conditions,

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wherein the behavior function comprises one of a single-phase operation and

three-phase operation; and

adaptively setting the recloser to function in accordance with the behavior

function, except for wherein the at least one associated feature comprises one of time of

day, day of week, and month of year.

Buell discloses a protective setting group, the protection setting group having at

least one associated feature, wherein the at least one associated feature comprises one

of time of day, day of week, and month of year (col. 3, II. 19-27 and II. 53-55). The

examiner interprets the "daily and/or seasonal" fluctatuations as a period of the year

characterized by a moth or day.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the

invention was made to provided the protective setting group, comprising at least one of

a time of day, day of week, or month of year as taught by Buell because these type of

protection scheme will avoid unnecessarily interrupting services to the customers based

on it's ability to adaptively monitor the load current due to normal, daily and/or seasonal

fluctuations.

Regarding claims 2 and 16, Buell discloses the method according to claims 1 and

15, further comprising continuously monitoring the present condition and changing the

behavior function responsive to the monitoring (col. 5, II. 57 thru col. 6, II. 1-.67 thru col.

7, II. 1-25).

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Regarding claims 3 and 17, Buell discloses the method according to claims 2 and 16, wherein monitoring the present condition comprises monitoring at predetermined intervals (col. 5, II. 11-22 and col. 6, II. 40-43).

Regarding claims 6 and 19, Buell discloses the method according to claims 1 and 15, wherein the behavior function comprises one of fuse saving mode and fuse clearing mode (col. 1, II. 18-39 and col. 5, II. 19-21 and col. 6, II. 33 thru col. 7, II. 1-23). Buell discloses a time-current characteristic curve of the operation of a recloser controller where the recloser would be set to operate to in either a fuse-saving mode or a fuse-clearing mode.

Regarding claim 8, claim 2 of the patent discloses a recloser control system for an electrical power line, comprising:

a recloser;

a memory comprising a protection, setting group having at least one behavior function with an associated feature, wherein the at least one behavior function comprises single-phase operation and three-phase operation, and

a recloser controller coupled to the recloser and the memory for adaptively setting the recloser to function in accordance with one of the at least one behavior functions in the protection setting group, except for wherein the at least one associated feature comprises one of time of day, day of week, and month of year.

Buell discloses a protective setting group, the protection setting group having at least one associated feature, wherein the at least one associated feature comprises one

of time of day, day of week, and month of year (col. 3, II. 19-27 and II. 53-55). The examiner interprets the "daily and/or seasonal" fluctatuations as a period of the year characterized by a moth or day.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provided the protective setting group, comprising at least one of a time of day, day of week, or month of year as taught by Buell because these type of protection scheme will avoid unnecessarily interrupting services to the consumers based on it's ability to adaptively monitor the load current due to normal, daily and/or seasonal fluctuations.

Regarding claim 9, Buell discloses all the limitations recited above in claim 8.

Regarding claim 10, Buell discloses the recloser control system according to claim 8, wherein the recloser controller comprises the memory (col. 5, II. 46-47).

Regarding claim 13, Buell discloses all the limitations recited above in claim 6.

Regarding claim 15, claim 3 of the patent discloses a computer-readable medium having computer-executable instructions for performing steps comprising:

determining a protection setting group for a recloser operating on an electrical power line, the protection setting group having at least one associated feature;

determining a present condition of the at least one associated feature;

determining a behavior function for the recloser based on the protection setting group and the present condition, wherein the behavior function comprises one of single-phase operation and three-phase operation; and

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adaptively setting the recloser to function in accordance with the behavior function, except for wherein the at least one associated feature comprises one of time of day, day of week, and month of year.

Buell discloses a protective setting group, the protection setting group having at least one associated feature, wherein the at least one associated feature comprises one of time of day, day of week, and month of year (col. 3, II. 19-27 and II. 53-55). The examiner interprets the "daily and/or seasonal" fluctatuations as a period of the year characterized by a moth or day.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provided the protective setting group, comprising at least one of a time of day, day of week, or month of year as taught by Buell because these type of protection scheme will avoid unnecessarily interrupting services to the consumers based on it's ability to adaptively monitor the load current due to normal, daily and/or seasonal fluctuations.

Regarding claim 36, Buell discloses all the limitations recited above in claim 8.

Regarding claim 37, Buell discloses all the limitations recited above in claim 6.

Buell further discloses wherein the one or more variable comprises time of day and day of week (col. 3, II. 19-27 and II. 53-55).

Regarding claim 39, Buell discloses the recloser control system of claim 36, wherein a first one of the control schemes causes the recluse to operate in a single phase mode and a second one of the control schemes causes the recloser to operate in a three-phase mode (col. 3, II. 53-60) and wherein the one or more variables comprises

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month of year (col. 3, II. 19-24). The examiner interprets the "daily and/or seasonal" fluctatuations as a period of the year characterized by a moth or day.

Regarding claim 41, Buell discloses all the limitations recited above in claim 37, and wherein the one or more variables comprises load current (col. 3, II. 19-36).

Regarding claim 42, Buell discloses all the limitations recited above in claim 39 and wherein the one or more variables comprises load current (col. 3, II. 19-36).

Regarding claim 43, Buell discloses all the limitations recited above in claim 10.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-3, 6, 8-10, 13, 15-17, 19, 36-37, 39, and 41-43 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being unpatentable by Buell (US 5,768,079).

Regarding claim 1, Buell discloses a method for controlling a recloser for an electrical power line comprising:

determining a protective setting group (col. 3, II. 19-21 and II. 53-55), the protection setting group having at least one associated feature, wherein the at least one associated feature comprises one of a time of day, day of week, and month of year (col. 3, II. 19-27). The examiner interprets the "daily and/or seasonal" fluctatuations as a period of the year characterized by a month or day.

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determining a present condition of the at least one associated feature (col. 3, II. 19-27 and II. 47-60 and col. 4, II. 17-67 thru col. 5, II. 1-21). The examiner interprets the load currents, single-phase and three-phrase as the present conditions due to the daily and/or seasonal fluctatuations.

determining a behavior of function for the recloser based on the protective device operations and the present conditions (col.6, II. 33-67 thru col. 7, II. 1-25); and

adaptively setting the recloser to function in accordance with the behavior function (col. 7, II.35-47 and II. 56 thru col. 8, II. 1-24).

Regarding claims 2 and 16, Buell discloses the method according to claims 1 and 15, further comprising continuously monitoring the present condition and changing the behavior function responsive to the monitoring (col. 5, II. 57 thru col. 6, II. 1-.67 thru col. 7, II. 1-25).

Regarding claims 3 and 17, Buell discloses the method according to claims 2 and 16, wherein monitoring the present condition comprises monitoring at predetermined intervals (col. 5, II. 11-22 and col. 6, II. 40-43).

Regarding claims 6 and 19, Buell discloses the method according to claims 1 and 15, wherein the behavior function comprises one of fuse saving mode and fuse clearing mode (col. 1, II. 18-39 and col. 5, II. 19-21 and col. 6, II. 33 thru col. 7, II. 1-23). Buell discloses a time-current characteristic curve of the operation of a recloser controller where the recloser can be set to operate to save the fuse from damaging (i.e. fuse saving mode).

Regarding claim 8, Buell discloses a recloser control system

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for an electrical power line, comprising:

a recloser (col. 1, II. 30-49);

a memory (col.5, II. 46-47) comprising a protective setting group having at least one behavior function with an associated feature, wherein the associated feature comprises one of time of day, day of week, and month of year (col. 3, II. 19-27 and II. 53-55). The examiner interprets the "daily and/or seasonal" fluctatuations as a period of the year characterized by a month.

and a recloser controller coupled to the recloser and the memory (col.5, II. 46-47) adaptively setting the recloser to function in accordance with one of the at least one behavior functions in the protection setting group (col. 1, II. 50-60 and col. 7, II.35-47 and II. 56 thru col. 8, II. 1-24 and see Fig. 3, 330,335,340,345).

Regarding claim 9, please see the recited rejection above in claim 8.

Regarding claim 10, Buell discloses the recloser control system according to claim 8, wherein the recloser controller comprises the memory (col. 5, II. 46-47).

Regarding claim 13, please see the recited rejection above in claim 6.

Regarding claim 36, please see the recited rejection above in claim 8.

Regarding claim 37, Buell discloses all the limitations recited above in claim 6.

Buell further discloses wherein the one or more variable comprises time of day and day of week (col. 3, II. 19-27 and II. 53-55).

Regarding claim 39, Buell discloses the recloser control system of claim 36, wherein a first one of the control schemes causes the recluse to operate in a single phase mode and a second one of the control schemes causes the recloser to operate in

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a three-phase mode (col. 3, II. 53-60) and wherein the one or more variables comprises month of year (col. 3, II. 19-24). The examiner interprets the "daily and/or seasonal" fluctatuations as a period of the year characterized by a moth or day.

Regarding claim 41, Buell discloses all the limitations recited above in claim 37, and wherein the one or more variables comprises load current (col. 3, II. 19-36).

Regarding claim 42, Buell discloses all the limitations recited above in claim 39 and wherein the one or more variables comprises load current (col. 3, II. 19-36).

Regarding claim 43, Buell discloses all the limitations recited above in claim 10.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 38 and 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Buell (US 5,768,079).

Regarding claim 38, Buell discloses the recloser control system of claim 37, except for the time of day is between 8:00 AM and 5:00 PM and the day of week is one of Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, then the second one of the control schemes is selected.

However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to select the workable range i.e. (time and day of the week) for

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the recloser to adaptively open and close based on the desired settings and control schemes programmed under the control of an operator to avoid unnecessarily interrupting service (col. 2, II. 10-23), since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233.

Regarding claim 40, Buell discloses the recloser control system of claim 39, except for when the month of the year is one of April, May, June, July, August and September, then the second one of the control schemes is selected.

However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to select the workable range i.e. (months of the year) for the recloser to adaptively open and close based on the desired settings and control schemes programmed under the control of an operator to avoid unnecessarily interrupting service (col. 2, II. 10-23), since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233.

### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-3, 6, 8-10, 13, 15-17, 19 and 36-43 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection (i.e. Buell (US 5,768,079).

#### Conclusion

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The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Nyenya (US 5,278,771) discloses a programmable timed electrical power management device which protects and control electrical based on a particularly time and day of the week. Jindrick et al. (US 4,535,409) discloses a microprocessor based on recloser control (abstract). Hoffman (US 6,222,714) discloses a microprocessor based setting group controller for protective relay operations (abstract).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Terrence R. Willoughby whose telephone number is 571-272-2725. The examiner can normally be reached on 8-5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Sherry can be reached on 571-272-2084. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

MICHAEL SHERRY
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800